NAR Issue Summaries

Commercial / Basel Capital Standards for Banks and Thrifts

NAR Committee:

Commercial Federal Policy Committee

What is the fundamental issue?

International, voluntary regulatory capital standards for banks are developed by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision. The most recent round of updates, referred to as Basel III, has been in an implementation cycle since 2013.

In January 2015 a new risk-based capital category was created – High Volatility Commercial Real Estate Exposures (HVCRE) for commercial acquisition, development, and construction (ADC) loans. These changes raised the risk-weight for an ADC loan from 100 percent to 150 percent. These changes made commercial loans less attractive to lenders, and many banks adjusted their lending practices and reduced the amount of available commercial real estate credit in order to avoid the higher capital charges associated with ADC loans. Additionally, the lack of clarity around the new standard created confusion, resulting in different applications of the requirements by different lenders all trying to stay in compliance.

In response, legislation was introduced in Congress to clarify and amend the HVCRE rules, and the federal banking agencies also proposed regulations to adjust them. In May 2018, Congress passed S. 2155, a regulatory relief package which clarifies definitions and exemptions in the HVCRE rule. The new law defines which loans are "HVCRE" and under what circumstances a loan can be exempted from that category. These exemptions include one-to-four unit family residential properties, investments in community development or agricultural land, and certain well-capitalized loans. Taken as a whole, it clarifies and modifies the HVCRE rule to ensure that it is properly tailored, while still promoting economically responsible commercial lending. The federal banking agencies have since taken up the rulemaking process to propagate final regulations in adherence to the law.

I am a real estate professional. What does this mean for my business?

Basel III agreement will require banks to hold more capital. The changes could significantly curtail the flow of capital to real estate and harm the commercial and residential property market and property values. Further, the creation of the HVCRE standards means that loans used for commercial acquisition, development and construction loans will become more complex.

NAR Policy:

While NAR supports the Basel Committee's objective to prevent another financial crisis, NAR is concerned that requiring banks to hold far more capital could further exacerbate credit challenges for real estate and broader credit capacity. Furthermore, NAR seeks to protect and enhance the flow of capital to commercial and residential real estate by making sure that the capital rules do not require excessive capital to be held by banks.

Opposition Arguments:

Proponents of Basel III argue that by requiring banks to hold more capital, they improve their ability to absorb shocks arising from financial and economic stress, and improve their risk managment. These proponents also believe that the heightened capital requirements strenghten banks' transparency and their disclosures.

Legislative/Regulatory Status/Outlook

The HVCRE standard went into effect in 2015. Among other things, the final rule clarified that the definition of HVCRE does not apply to the purchase or development of agricultural land if the valuation of the land is limited to the value of the land for agricultural purposes or to ADC loans that otherwise qualify as community development investments. Loans permanently financing owner occupied commercial real estate are not considered HVCRE under the final rule. No other changes were made to the HVCRE definition and HVCRE loans are risk-weighted at 150% under the final rule. The federal banking agencies (OCC, FDIC, and Federal Reserve) responded by proposing a new standard, "HVADC" (High Volatility Acquisition, Development, and Construction loans), which had a lower risk-weight of 130%, but broadened the types of loans that were included. NAR sent comment letters to the agencies urging them to consider further lowering the risk-weight to pre-HVCRE levels of 100%, and to include the exceptions from the HVCRE rule.

In the 115th Congress, bills were introduced in the Senate and the House which provided clarity to lenders on which loans should be categorized as HVCRE, and thus subject to the higher risk-weight, as well as clearly defining the exemptions to the rule. These bills were included in a regulatory relief package bill (S.2155), which passed the Senate and House and was signed into law in 2018. The federal banking agencies are now finalizing regulations bringing the rules into accordance with the law.

Current Legislation/Regulation (bill number or regulation)

Basel III Final Rule

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