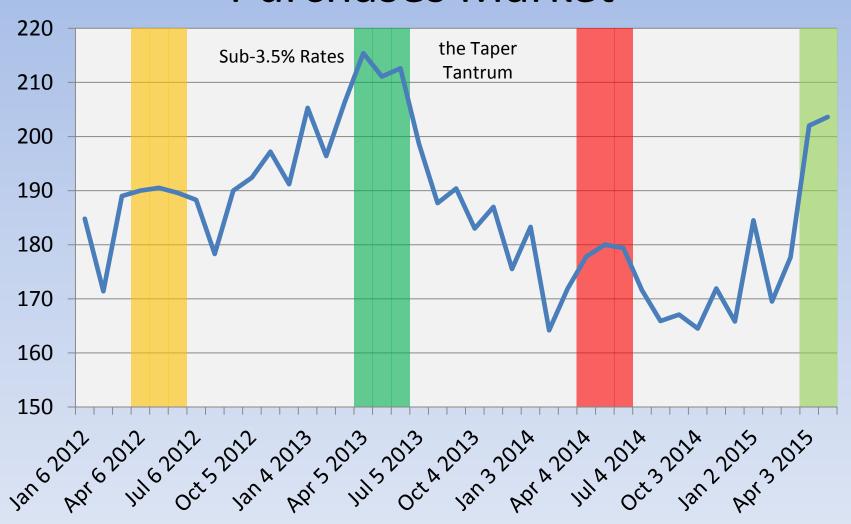
It Feels Different, but Will It Stick?



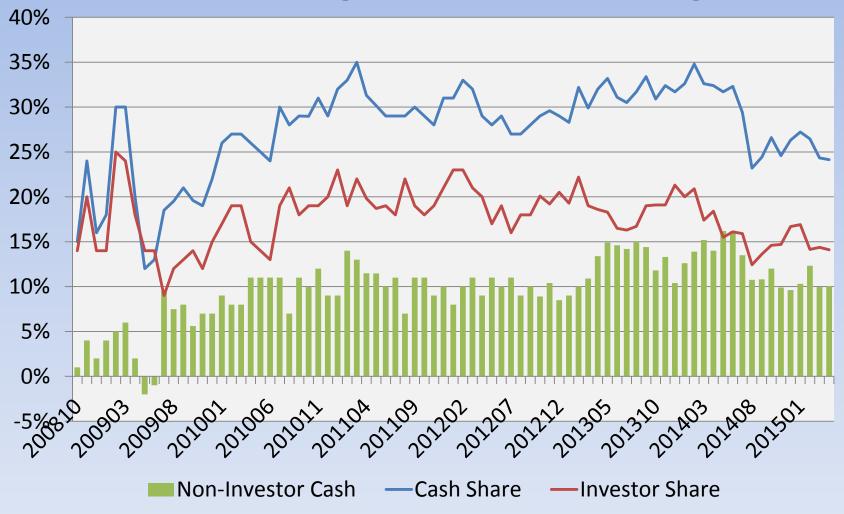
Ken Fears

Director of Housing Finance and Regional Economics

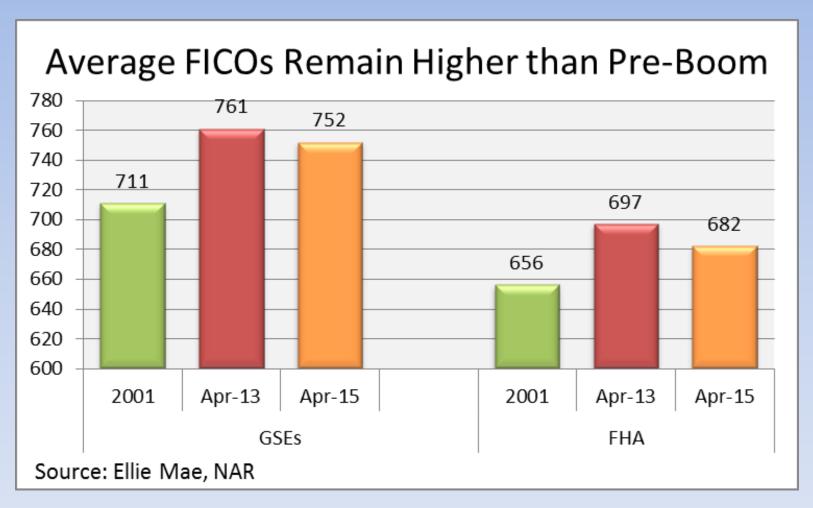
Rising Sales Drives Expansion of Purchases Market



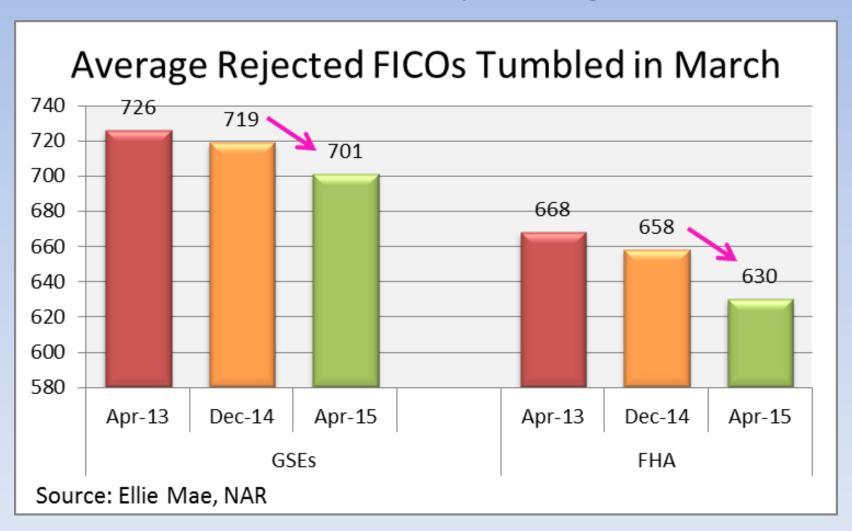
Share of Purchases that are Financed Increasing, but Hamstrung



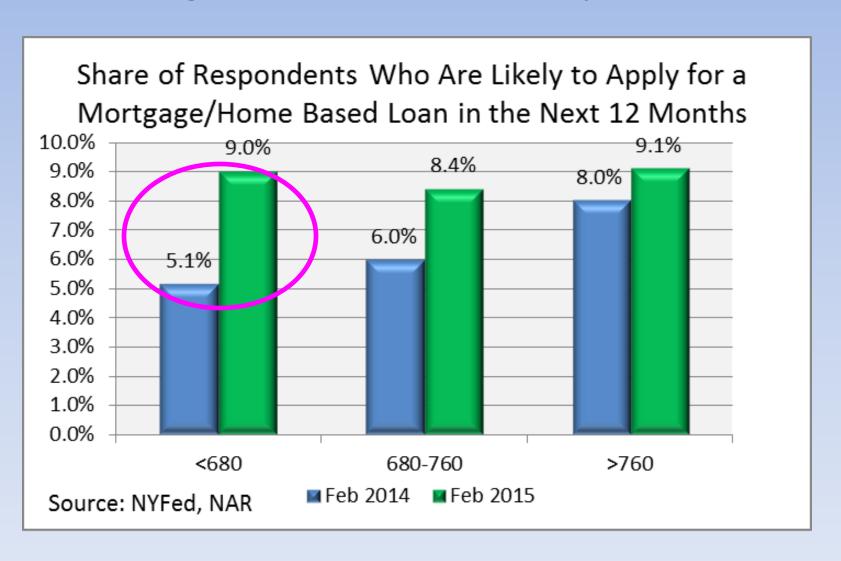
Average Accepted FICOs Remain High



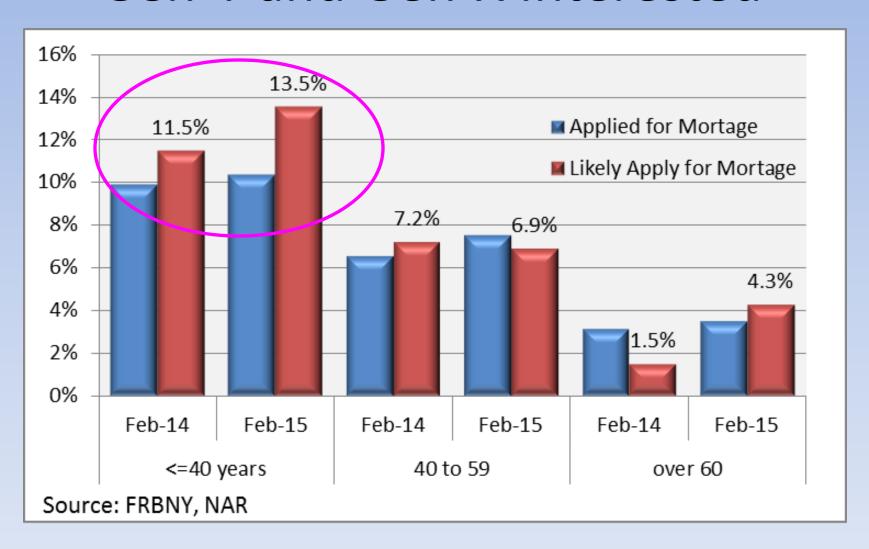
But Rejected Falls Dramatically: Credit Box Opening??



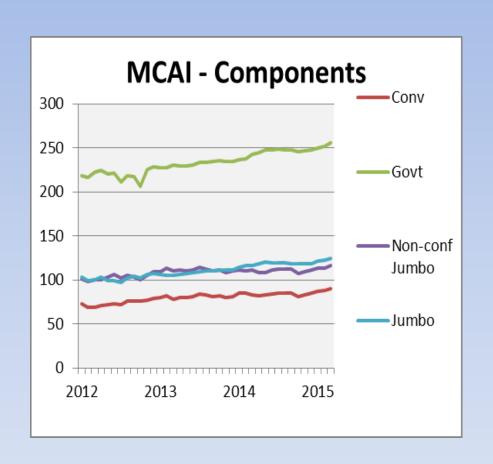
Discouraged Borrowers May Shake It Off

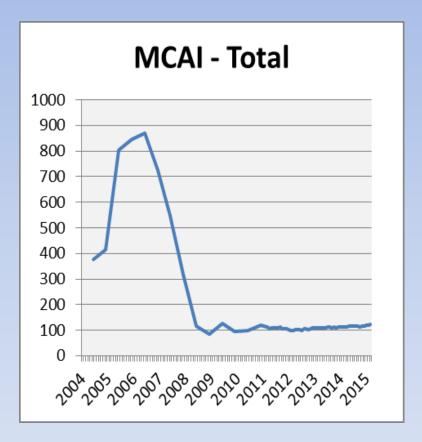


Gen-Y and Gen-X Interested



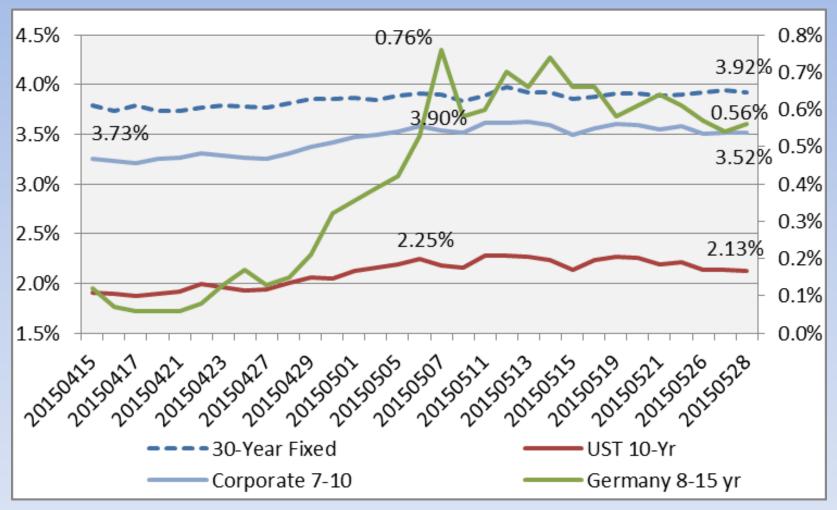
New Products and Access





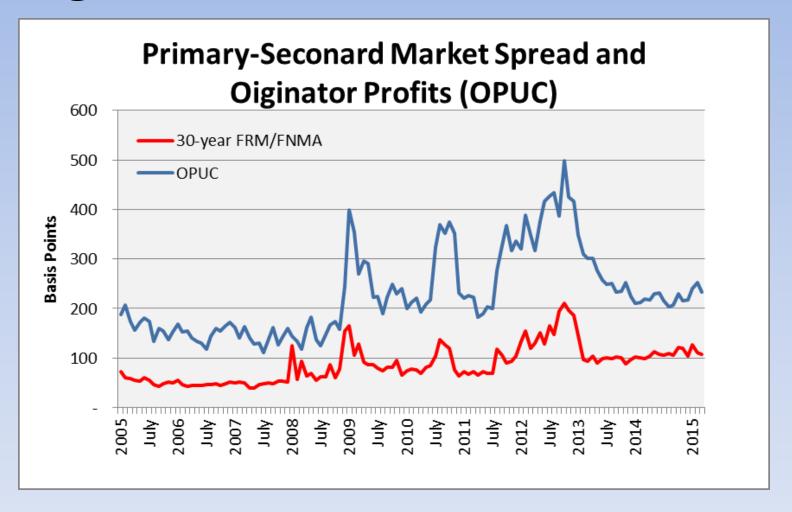
Conventional has seen the strongest growth – 97 LTVs, better pricing

Rates Begin to Climb



Corporate Issuance, Euro Strength, or US Strength?

Originator Profits Remain Elevated



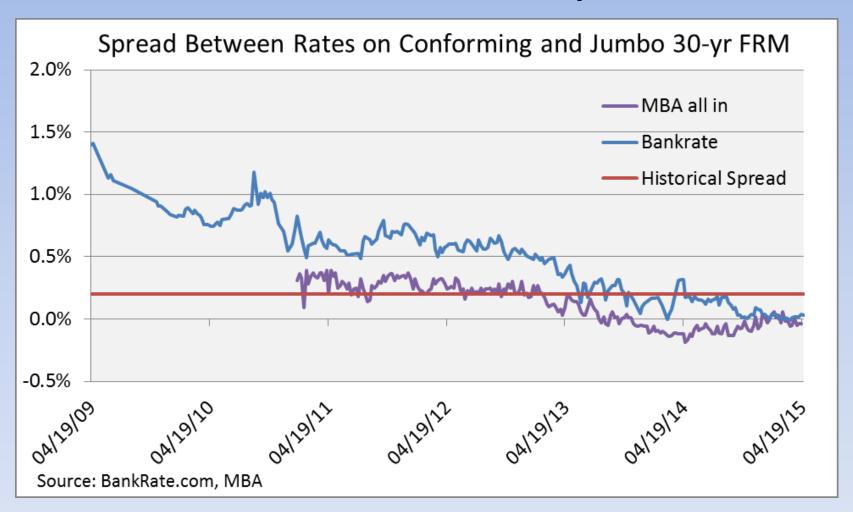
Profit taking or structural? ATR/QM or higher cost of servicing

QM Costs Baked In?



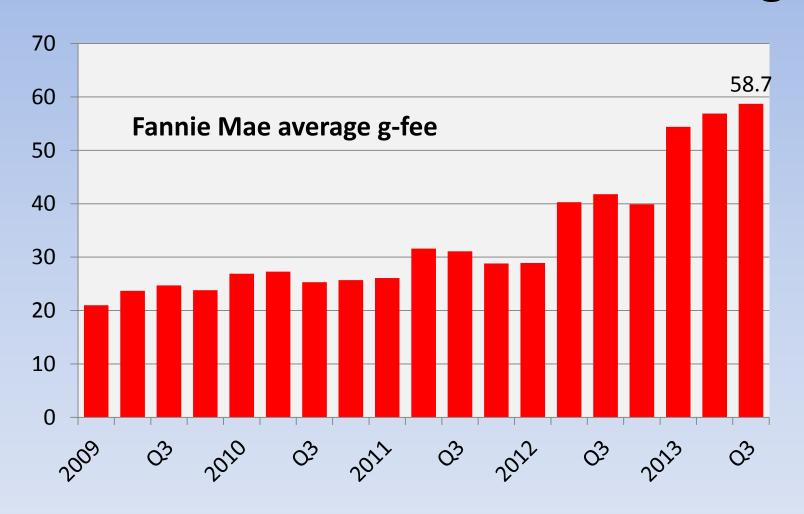
Or could costs come down with innovation and adaptation?

Jumbos Remain Competitive



A decline in G-fees, LLPAs or AMDC could end this trend

G-Fees to Remain at Historic High



AMDC Gone, but Modest Changes to LLPAs

New LLPAs, net AMDC (add 0.25 bp for high cost areas)								
	<620-1	620–639	640–659	660–679	680–699	700–719	720–739	>740
< 60.00%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
60.01 – 70.00%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	0.00%	0.00%
70.01 – 75.00%	-0.25%	-0.25%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.25%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
75.01 – 80.00%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	0.00%	-0.25%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
80.01 – 85.00%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%
85.01 – 90.00%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%
90.01 – 95.00%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%
95.01 – 97.00%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%	-0.25%

- + 25 bp for high-cost areas
- +37.5 bp for cash out, investors and 2nd liens

PMIERs to Raise Costs in the Winter

Impact of PMEIRs on Current PMI Charges								
Original LTV	<620	620-679	680-699	700-719	720-739	740-759	760-850	
LTV <=85		0.09%	0.00%	-0.04%	-0.04%	-0.08%	-0.08%	
85< LTV <= 90		0.55%	0.34%	0.19%	0.16%	0.05%	-0.03%	
90< LTV <= 95		0.71%	0.46%	0.27%	0.30%	0.13%	0.01%	
LTV > 95		0.91%	0.50%	0.25%	0.21%	0.00%	-0.19%	

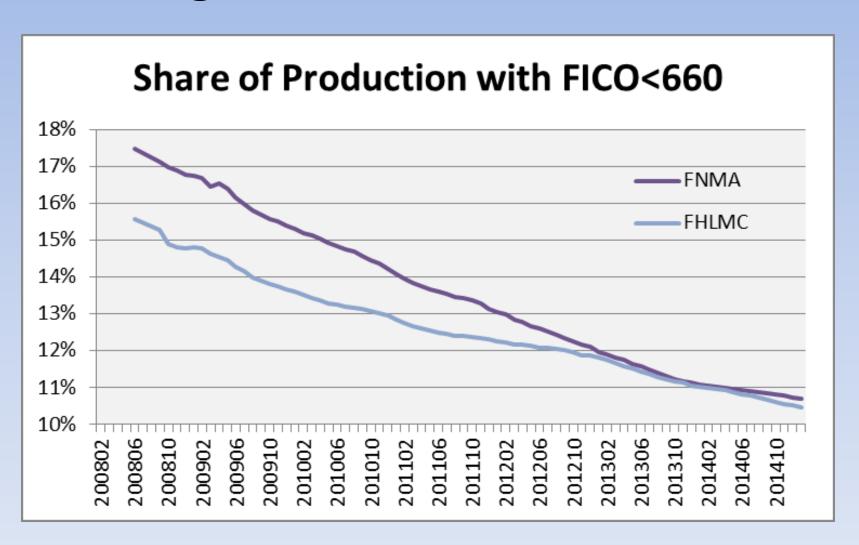
- More capital required for lower down payments -> drives higher fees
- Higher capital charges for non-performing -> pro-cyclical
- Capital reduced over time, though -> PMIs could:
 - reduce fees
 - increase ROEs or hold in reserves
- Expands pool of capital for deeper MI

Locks in FHA Role in Near Term

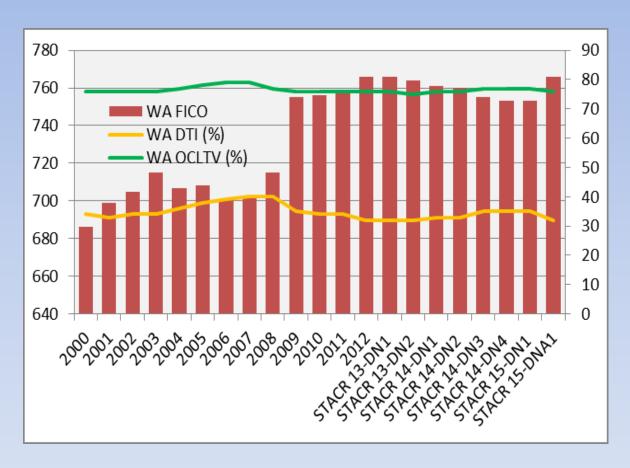
Old Pricing					New Pricing					
GSE vs FHA (PMI, LLPA, AMDC, & Funding Diff)				GSE vs FHA (PMI, LLPA, AMDC, & Funding Diff)						
	80%-85%	85%-90%	90%-95%	95-97%		80%-85%	85%-90%	90%-95%	95-97%	
760-850	(\$94)	(\$67)	(\$42)	\$43	760-850	(\$114)	(\$78)	(\$47)	\$17	
740 – 759	(\$87)	(\$59)	(\$29)	\$51	740 – 759	(\$106)	(\$56)	(\$13)	\$57	
720 – 739	(\$81)	(\$53)	(\$23)	\$57	720 – 739	(\$95)	(\$32)	\$20	\$97	
700 – 719	(\$60)	(\$20)	\$34	\$104	700 – 719	(\$73)	\$6	\$72	\$151	
680 – 699	(\$48)	(\$14)	\$39	\$104	680 – 699	(\$53)	\$38	\$110	\$194	
660 – 679	(\$8)	\$33	\$106	\$150	660 – 679	\$1	\$119	\$219	\$307	
640 – 659	\$4	\$45	\$118	\$161	640 – 659	\$13	\$131	\$231	\$319	
620 – 639	\$4	\$57	\$130	\$179	620 – 639	\$13	\$143	\$243	\$337	
< 620 (1)	\$4	\$57	\$130	\$185	< 620 (1)	\$13	\$143	\$243	\$343	
Source: FNMA, FHA, NAR										

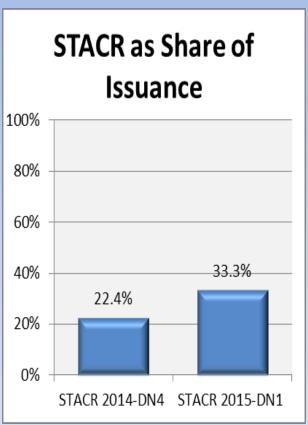
- Higher fees will drive more borrowers to FHA
 - Reduces need for cross-sub in a reformed system
 - politically sustainable?
- Expanded role of PMIs in front-end risk sharing could change pricing again
- Single security and CSP would help, but "full faith" most helpful

Pricing Reinforces Current Focus



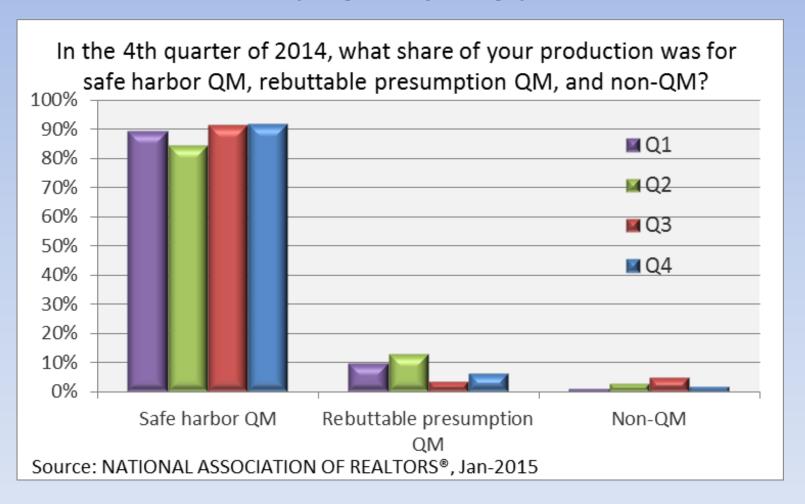
Credit Risk Transfers Expanding and Innovating





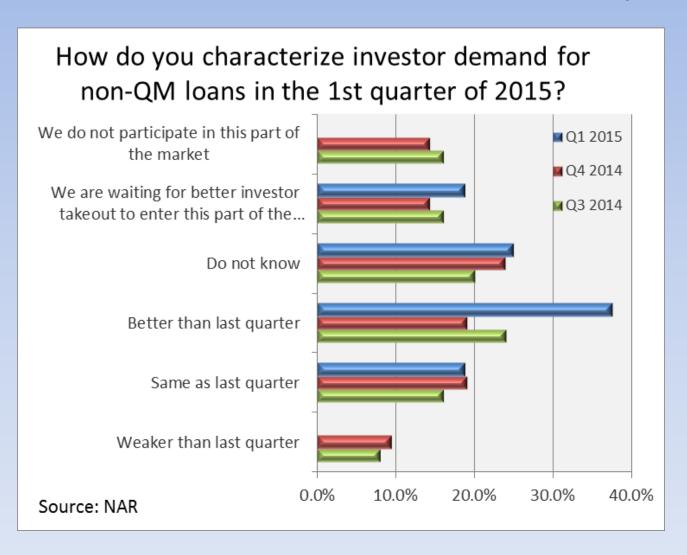
Deep MI on the Way...January?

Non-QM Remains a Small Portion of the Market

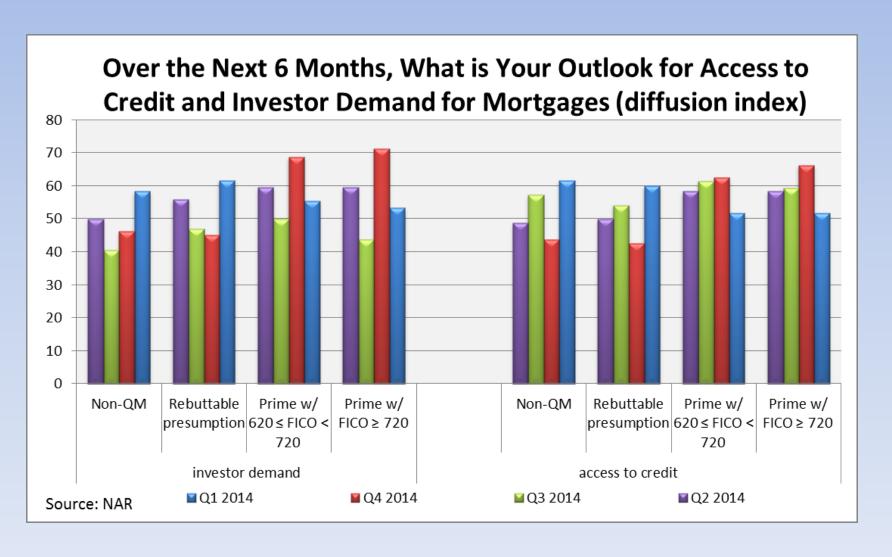


Roughly 16% of GSE production has DTI > 43% --- the exemption is important!

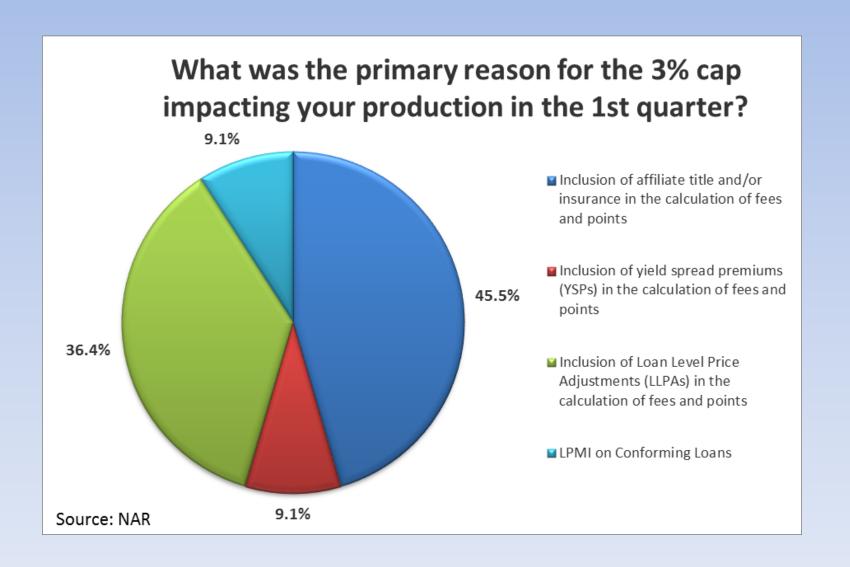
Investor Takeout for Non-QM Improving



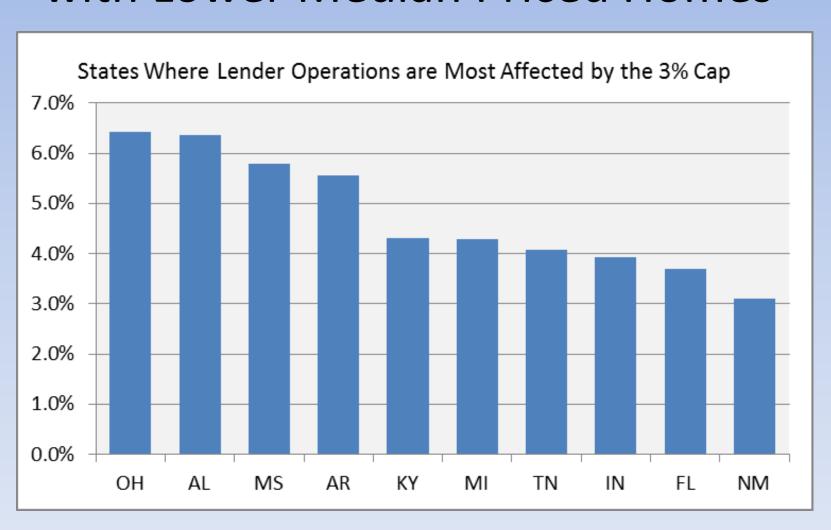
Lenders and Investors Lining Up to Take More Risk?



Sources of Issues with 3% Cap

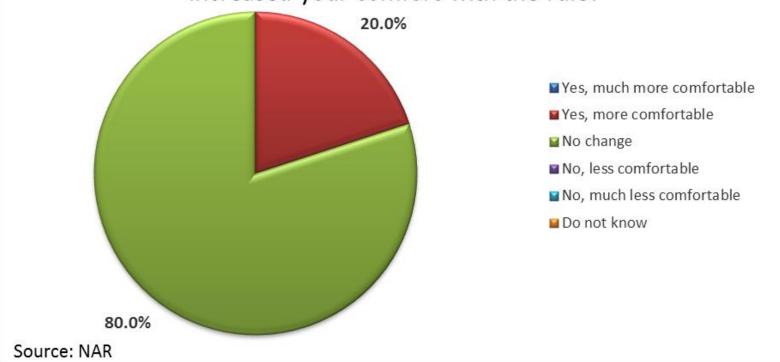


Impact of 3% Cap Largest in States with Lower Median Priced Homes

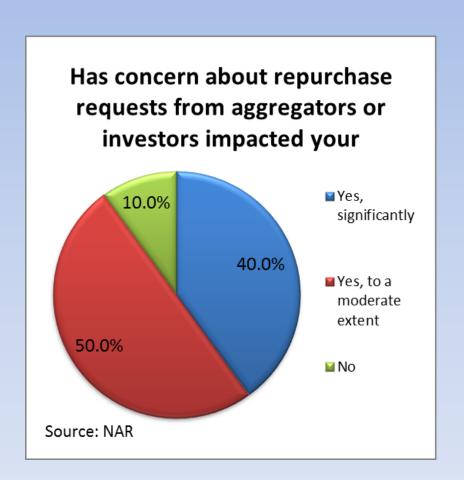


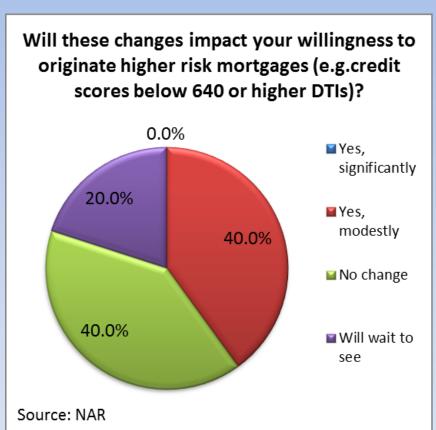
Fixes No Comfort

Has the CFPB's amendment to the 3% cap on points and fees that allows lenders to refund excess fees when the cap is breached increased your comfort with the rule?

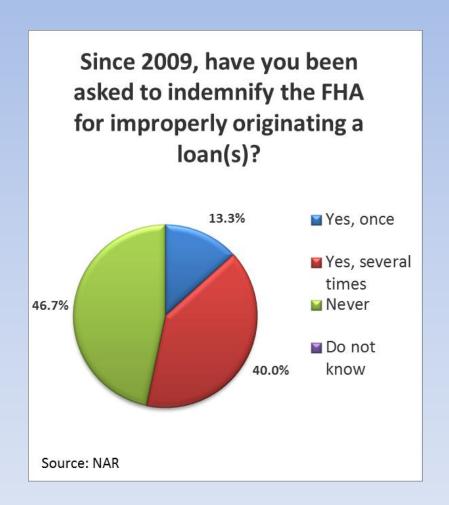


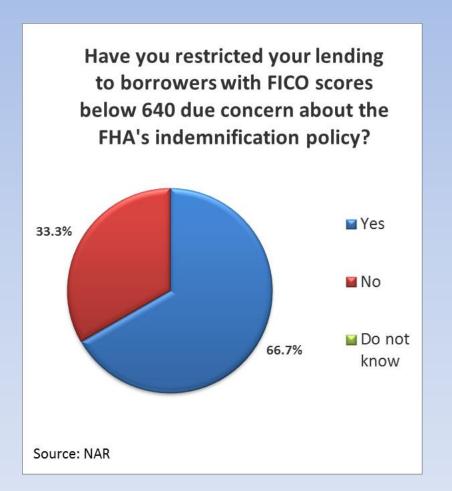
Rep and Warrant Concern Easing



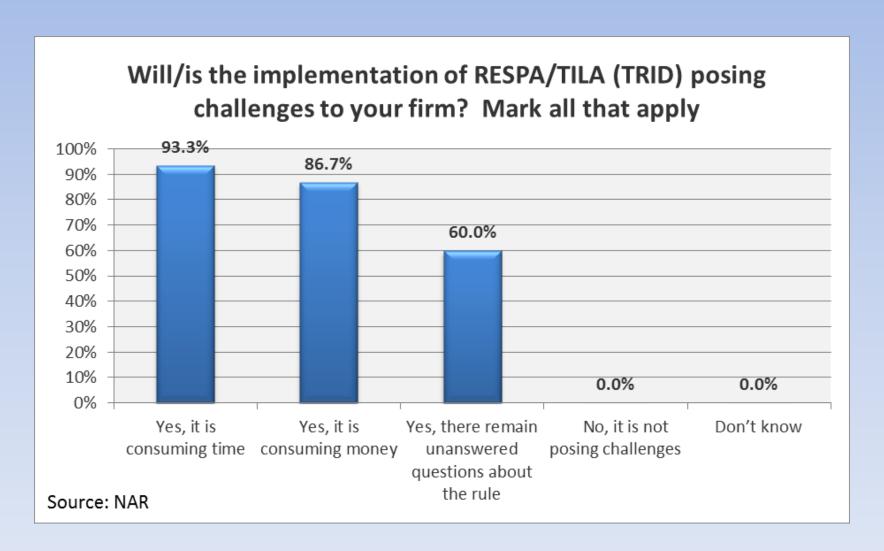


Next Up ... FHA Indemnification?

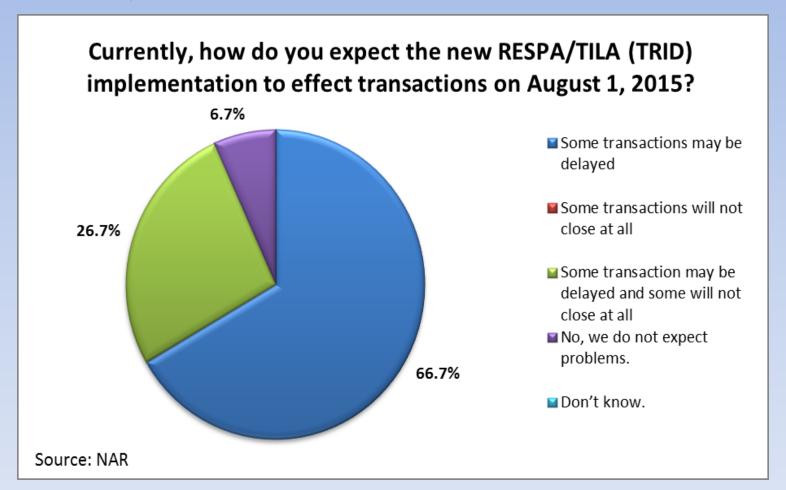




Heavy Preparations for TRID

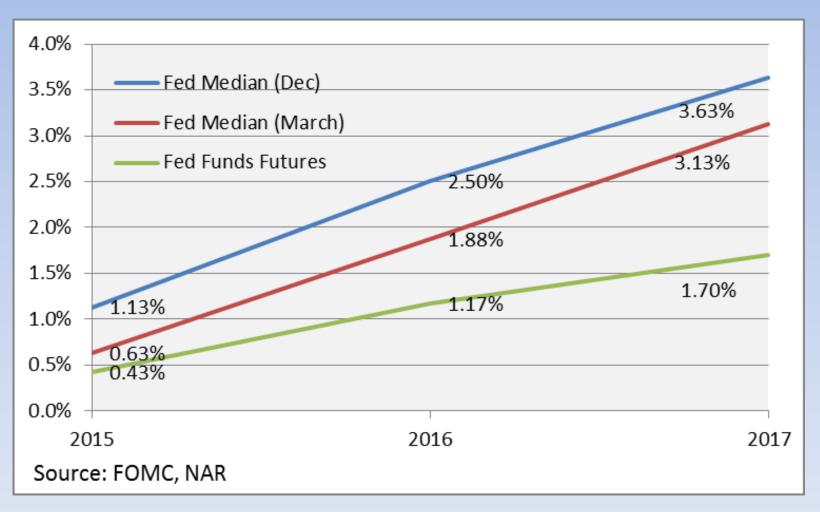


TRID – Market Could stumble on New TILA/RESPA Docs in Late Summer



FOMC meetings, upside surprise to Europe, US improvement, and TRID

Divergent Rate Expectations – Upside Surprise?



Concerns for 2015

- Opening the credit box:
 - PMIERs
 - FHA indemnifications
 - -3% cap
 - Higher loan limits -> not until 2016
 - New Credit Models (FICO? or Vantage Score)
- When will interest rates rise?
 - Return of demand for GSE MBS? FED end rollover?
 - Rapid improvement in European economy?
 - Diverge between Fed and Market on long-term rates
 - TRID timing

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